

## LPI\_RealExamQuestions.Com\_117-303\_v2011-11-08\_114q\_By-akrenu

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LPI 117-303

Version 2011-11-08

Question : 114

Important and good questions uploaded in this dump for the exam.

Goodluck and Enjoy!

By-akrenu



## Exam A

### QUESTION 1

In apache configuration which directives are used to restrict access based on host/domain name and IP adress?

- A. restrict and allow
- B. order, allow from and deny from
- C. deny and accept
- D. allow IP, deny IP, allow DOMAIN and deny DOMAIN
- E. order, deny and accept

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

### QUESTION 2

Someone who whises to receive and encrypted file has provided a key UID and a key fingerprint for verification to the data sender. Assuming that this key is on a public keyserver, what command will fetch the public key from the server ?

- A. gpg findkeys UID
- B. gpg recvkeys UID
- C. gpg getkeys UID
- D. gpg refreshkeys UID

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

### QUESTION 3

Linux Extended Attributes include attributes classes. Which of the following are included in the defined attributes classes ?

**(Select 3 correct answers)**

- A. default

- B. system
- C. owner
- D. trusted
- E. user

**Correct Answer:** BDE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 4**

Which of the following is NOT a valid scan technique with nmap ?

- A. Window
- B. SYN
- C. ACK
- D. Connect()
- E. RST

**Correct Answer:** E

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 5**

Which of the following are common techniques for securing a sendmail server ?

**(Select 3 correct answers)**

- A. Maintain user accounts in an LDAP directory
- B. Enable TLS
- C. Disable VRFY
- D. Run sendmail in a chroot'd environment
- E. Disable USRLKUP

**Correct Answer:** BCD

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**



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#### QUESTION 6

Which tool, distributed with BIND 9, will check the syntax of a named configuration file? **(Supply only the program name, without any option or parameters)**

**Correct Answer:** named-checkconf or /usr/sbin/named-checkconf

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### QUESTION 7

What does the following iptables rule accomplish:

**iptables A INPUT s !127.0.0.0/8 p tcp dport 111 j DROP**

- A. Drops all packets from the LAN destined for port 111
- B. Drops all packets originating from the local machine unless they are destined for port 111
- C. Drops all packets destined for port 111 which originate from the local machine
- D. Drops all packets destined for port 111 unless they are from the local machine

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

### QUESTION 8

What is the purpose of tripwire?

- A. To act as a honeypot and attract attackers
- B. To enforce mandatory access control policies to confine users to the minimum amount of privilege required
- C. To monitor a server for breakin attempts and, if desired, ban the IP address
- D. To identify changes to critical system file and directories

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

### QUESTION 9

You wish to revoke write access for all groups and named users on a file. Which command will make a correct ACL changes?

- A. setfacl x group:\*:rx,user:\*:rx afile
- B. setfacl x mask::rx afile
- C. setfacl m mask::rx afile
- D. setfacl m group:\*:rx,user:\*:rx afile

**Correct Answer:** C

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

### QUESTION 10

Which of the following are common techniques for securing Nagios ?

**(Select 3 correct answers)**

- A. Require authentication for access to the CGI scripts
- B. Run Nagios in a chroot jail
- C. Compile Nagios with the enabletls option

- D. Do not run as the root user
- E. Disable external commands

**Correct Answer:** ADE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 11**

Which GPG command is used to create a revocation certificate in case a GPG key ever needs to be called?

- A. gpg genrevoke name
- B. gpg editkey name followed with the revoke command
- C. gpg revoke name
- D. gpg createrevoke name

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 12**

An administrator can prevent dictionary based attacks against an OpenSSH server by forcing keybased authentication **with which 2 parameters** in sshd\_config ?

- A. PasswordAuthentication
- B. HostKey
- C. PrivatekeyAuthentication
- D. Serverkey

**Correct Answer:** AD

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 13**

Which statements are true of the following Wireshark capture filter:

**(tcp[2:2] > 1500 and tcp[2:2] < 1550) or (tcp[4:2] > 1500 and tcp[4:2] < 1550)**

(Select 2 correct answers)

- A. Every packet being checked has a 2 byte offset
- B. Traffic on ports 15001550 is being captured
- C. Traffic on ports 15011549 is being captured
- D. Only two bytes are being checked in each packet
- E. Up to four bytes are being checked in each packet

**Correct Answer:** CE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 14**

With SELinux, what is the command that is used for changing the context of a file?

**Specify the command only, with no path information or arguments)**

**Correct Answer:** chcon chsid setfattr

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 15**

Which of the following statements are advantages that Mandatory Access Control has over Discretionary Access Control models?

**(Select 2 correct answers)**

- A. MAC policies are easier to configure than use of DAC
- B. MAC adds the concept of privileged remote users which is not available with simple DAC



- C. MAC policies increase the ability of the root user to correct errors
- D. MAC lets the kernel help decide if an object, such as a device or process, can access another object
- E. Trust is placed in the administrators and not in individual users

**Correct Answer:** DE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 16**

Which of the following are valid OpenVPN authentication modes?

**(Choose 2 correct answers)**

- A. S/Key
- B. Kerberos
- C. Static Key
- D. Password
- E. TLS

**Correct Answer:** CE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 17**

What is the purpose of the Safe Checks option in a Nessus configuration?

- A. Enables secure scanning over an encrypted tunnel
- B. To prevent the use of plugins which may have a negative effect on the network being scanned
- C. To prevent the use of plugins which may leave the Nessus server vulnerable during the scanning process
- D. When validating a Nessus configuration file, the nessusd process will not be interrupted

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

### **Explanation**

### **Explanation/Reference:**

### **QUESTION 18**

Which of the following is not an iptables rule set?

- A. chain
- B. mangle
- C. filter
- D. nat

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

### **Explanation**

### **Explanation/Reference:**

### **QUESTION 19**

Which of the following is NOT included in a Snort rule headers?

- A. protocol
- B. action
- C. source IP address
- D. packet byte offset
- E. source port

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

### **Explanation**

### **Explanation/Reference:**

### **QUESTION 20**

Which of the following export options, when specified in /etc/exports, will tell the server to use the NFSv4 Pseudofilesystem?

- A. fsid=2
- B. fsid=0
- C. fsid=3
- D. fsid=1

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 21**

In the Puppet centralized configuration management tool, a manifest is:

- A. a list of all target configuration
- B. a configuration document that describes the target configuration and the steps required to achieve it
- C. a list of all files related to a configuration target
- D. a list of the important services on a target configuration

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 22**

Which syslog configuration line will send out logged messages to a remote syslog server?

- A. \*. \* host:remotehost
- B. \*. \* remote remotehost
- C. \*. \* @remotehost
- D. \*. \* host=remotehost

**Correct Answer:** C

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 23**

Which of the following are valid NFSv4 security types?

- A. RSA
- B. SSL
- C. SPKM
- D. Kerberos
- E. LIPKEY

**Correct Answer:** CDE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 24**

Which directive on the OpenVPN client.conf specifies the remote server and port that the client should connect to?

**(Provide only the directive, without any options or parameters)**

**Correct Answer:** remote

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 25**

When a user logs into a system using SSH, what is the format of SELinux security context which will assign the user\_r role and the user\_t domain to their login session?

- A. user\_r:user\_t system\_r:sshd\_t
- B. sshd\_t:system\_r user\_t:user\_r
- C. system\_r:sshd\_t user\_r:user\_t
- D. user\_t:user\_r sshd\_t:system\_r

**Correct Answer:**

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 26**

A user that is allowed to use the su command under SELinux is also allowed to switch from the user role to the sysadmin role. What command will run a new shell for the user in the new context?

**(Specify the command only, with no path, option or arguments)**

**Correct Answer:** newrole

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 27**

What is the difference between an SELinux domain and an SELinux type ?

- A. A domain is a group of SELinux types
- B. A domain defines the range of access that an object has. A type is used to define an access level.
- C. A domain is assigned to processes while a type is assigned to objects such as files and directories
- D. A domain is an alternative keyword for type

**Correct Answer:** C

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 28**

What does the following iptables rule accomplish:

**iptables A INPUT s 208.77.188.166 j DROP**

- A. Forwards all incoming traffic to the host 208.77.188.166
- B. Accepts all traffic from 208.77.188.166
- C. Nothing, there is a syntax error
- D. Drops all traffic from 208.77.188.166

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 29**

How are SELinux permissions related to standart Linux permissions?

- A. SELinux permissions override standart Linux permissions
- B. Standart Linux permissions override SELinux permissions
- C. SELinux permissions are verified before standart permissions
- D. SELinux permissions are verified after standart Linux permissions

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 30**

A user is attempting to connect to a remote host via SSH and following message is displayed:

**Host key verification failed.**

Which of the following options could resolve the problem?

**(Select 2 correct answers)**

- A. Add the o StrictHostKeyChecking=no option to the command
- B. Enable the PasswordAuthentication parameter to the remote host
- C. Generate new SSH host keys on the remote host
- D. Generate new private key which is compatible with the server's host key

E. Update the remote host's SSH host key in the list of known hosts

**Correct Answer:** AE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

### QUESTION 31

SELinux is a Linux feature that:

- A. monitors system file access by unprivileged users and warns them they are trying to gain access to files beyond their permission levels set in the Mandatory Access Control policies
- B. provides only Mandatory Access Control policies. Additional access control models such as Rolebased access control require additional tools to implement
- C. enforces Mandatory Access Control policies that can restrict user space programs and system servers to the minimum amount of privileges required to operate correctly
- D. ensure that system files referenced in the Mandatory Access Control policies are not modified and alerts administrators when changes occur

**Correct Answer:** C

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

### QUESTION 32

Which of the following rule directives will email kevin@example.com and matt@example.com when the Mail Configuration rule is violated?

- A. (  
    rulename = "Mail Configuration",  
    severity = \$(SIG\_HI),  
    mailto = kevin@example.com,  
    mailto = matt@example.com  
)
- B. (  
    rulename = "Mail Configuration",  
    severity = \$(SIG\_HI),  
    mailto = kevin@example.com,matt@example.com  
)

- C. (  
    rulename = "Mail Configuration",  
    severity = \$(SIG\_HI),  
    mailto = kevin@example.com;matt@example.com  
)
- D. (  
    rulename = "Mail Configuration",  
    severity = \$(SIG\_HI),  
    mailto = kevin@example.com,  
    emailcc = matt@example.com  
)

**Correct Answer:** C

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 33**

Specifying the \_\_\_\_\_ parameter in sshd\_config will allow the administrator to systematically provide access to certain user accounts by name.

**Correct Answer:** AllowUsers

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 34**

Which command will list all of the extended attributes on the file afile.txt with the values?

- A. getfattr all afile.txt  
B. getfattr afile.txt  
C. getfattr list afile.txt  
D. getfattr dump afile.txt

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**



**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 35**

A user is attempting to connect to a remote server via SSH and receives the following message:

**The authenticity of host 'mail.example.com (208.77.188.166)' can't be established.**

**RSA key fingerprint is 92:32:55:e9:c4:20:ae:1b:2c:d7:91:40:90:89:1c:ad.**

**Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)?**

What does this indicate?

- A. The RSA key fingerprint was found in the SpamCop database, indicating that the remote host is a known spammer.
- B. The user's SSH client was unable to connect to the remote host's authentication agent for verification
- C. The user's SSH client is incompatible with the server's RSA key
- D. The server's SSH host key cannot be found in the list of known hosts

**Correct Answer: D**

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 36**

Which command is used to add an additional name, email address and comment to an existing private key?

- A. `gpg editkey` name followed with the `adduid` command
- B. `gpg addsubkey`
- C. `gpg addalias` name
- D. `gpg genalias` name

**Correct Answer: A**

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 37**

An administrator has just configured vsftpd and notice that she cannot follow symbolic links when connected to the FTP server. What is the most likely reason for this?

- A. The follow\_symlinks=no option has been set in vsftpd.conf
- B. vsftpd is running in a chroot environment
- C. This installation of vsftpd was not compiled with support for symbolic links
- D. The user account she is connecting is not listed in /etc/security/ftpusers

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 38**

What can proxymap be used for in a Postfix installation?

**(Select 2 correct answers)**

- A. Consolidating the number of open lookup tables
- B. Creating and querying Postfix alias databases
- C. Mapping mail user IDs to system accounts
- D. Overcoming chroot restrictions
- E. Creating and querying Postfix lookup tables

**Correct Answer:** AD

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 39**

Which directive must be set to 0 in a host or service definition to prevent Nagios from sending more than one alert for a particular event?

**(Specify only the directive without any options or parameters)**

**Correct Answer:** notification\_interval

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 40**

Which of the following are builtin chains for the iptables nat table?

**(Select 3 correct answers)**

- A. OUTPUT
- B. INPUT
- C. PROCESSING
- D. POSTROUTING
- E. PREROUTING

**Correct Answer:** ADE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 41**

An administrator has created a mapping with the following command:

**cryptsetup luksOpen /dev/sda1 cryptvol**

and has set 3 different keys. Which command below will delete the first key?

- A. cryptsetup luksDelKey /dev/sda1 0
- B. cryptsetup luksDelKey /dev/sda1 1
- C. cryptsetup luksDelKey /dev/mapper/cryptvol 1
- D. cryptsetup luksDelKey /dev/mapper/cryptvol 0

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 42**

What is the purpose of snort inline?

- A. To run the snort daemon without forking child processes
- B. To have iptables use snort rules to filter packets
- C. To have snort log suspicious activity only, without performing any actions
- D. To run the snort daemon as a nonroot user

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 43**

Which LUKS action, when supplied to the cryptsetup command, will initialize a LUKS partition and set the initial key?

**(Provide only the action name)**

**Correct Answer:** luksFormat

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 44**

What command is used to create and maintain a Basic Authentication password file for apache?  
(Specify only the command, with no path or arguments)

**Correct Answer:** htpasswd

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### QUESTION 45

You are certain that your kernel has been compiled with ACL support, however, when you try to set an ACL on a file, you get the following output:

```
% setfacl m user:hugh:r afile.txt
```

```
setfacl: afile.txt: Operation not supported
```

What is the most likely reason for this problem?

- A. There is an error in the command line parameters
- B. There is no user on the system named hugh
- C. The partition has not been mounted with the acl option
- D. The file afile.txt doesn't exist

**Correct Answer:** C

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### QUESTION 46

SELinux has just been installed on a Linux system and the administrator wants to use SELinux in permissive in order to audit the various service on the system. What command will switch SELinux into permissive mode?

- A. setenforce 0
- B. /etc/init.d/selinux stop
- C. selinux passive
- D. /etc/init.d/selinux startpassive

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 47**

How does AppArmor configure its access control settings?

- A. AppArmor does not require any configuration
- B. AppArmor inspects the Linux system to determine which applications are installed and configures itself. This configuration can then be modified manually
- C. AppArmor relies on precompiled policies. These policies are updated with new releases or can be downloaded periodically
- D. A profile is assigned per application that specifies the system resources available to the application

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 48**

The system administrator wishes to use John the Ripper to confirm that the passwords in a file called passwords are not weak. John has finished but the terminal window running the program has closed. What command can be used to list any cracked passwords for this file?

- A. john list passwords
- B. john list
- C. john show
- D. john show passwords

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 49**

What OpenSSL command will generate a selfsigned test certificate?

- A. openssl req x509 key privkey.pem out cacert.pem days 365
- B. openssl sign key privkey.pem out cacert.pem days 365
- C. openssl req key privkey.pem out cacert.pem days 365
- D. openssl sign new x509 key privkey.pem out cacert.pem days 365

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 50**

What is the default UDP port for OpenVPN traffic?

**Correct Answer:** 1194

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 51**

DNS servers are vulnerable to which of the following attacks?

**(Select 3 correct answers)**

- A. **Cache Poisoning**
- B. Fork Bomb Attack
- C. PasswordBased Attack
- D. ManintheMiddle
- E. Smurf Attack

**Correct Answer:** ADE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 52**

What does ntop use for data collection?

- A. Network packets
- B. Log files
- C. Frame relay
- D. SNMP

**Correct Answer:**

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 53**

Postfix daemons can be chroot'd by setting the chroot flag in \_\_\_\_\_.

**(supply only the filename, without a path)**

**Correct Answer:** master.cf

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 54**

In Nessus, what does the acronym NASL stand for?

**Correct Answer:** Nessus Attack Scripting Language

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 55**

What does the following iptables rule accomplish:



**iptables A INPUT d 10.142.232.1 p tcp dport 20:21 j ACCEPT**

- A. Forwards all traffic not on port 20 or 21 to the host 10.142.232.1
- B. Drops all traffic coming from the host 10.142.232.1 destined for port 20 or 21
- C. Accepts all traffic from the host 10.142.232.1 destined for port 20 or 21
- D. Forwards all traffic on port 20 or 21 to the host 10.142.232.1

**Correct Answer: D**

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 56**

Which of the following methods can be used to deactivate a rule in Snort?

**(Select 2 correct answers)**

- A. Place a # in front of the rule and restart snort
- B. Write a pass rule in local.rule and restart snort with the o option
- C. Delete the rule and snort will automatically rereads its rules files within five minutes
- D. Add the rule to /etc/snort/rules.deactivated and it will take effect immediately

**Correct Answer: AB**

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**



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#### **QUESTION 57**

Which of the following lines in the OpenVPN server.conf file will supply a DNS server for DHCP clients to use?

- A. push "dhcption DNS 10.142.232.4"
- B. push "dhcp DNS 10.142.232.4"
- C. push "option DNS 10.142.232.4"
- D. push "dhcption DNS 10.142.232.4"

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 58**

What is an SO rule in the context of Snort?

- A. A loadable snort module
- B. A rule which can be written in the Perl programming language
- C. A simple object
- D. A snort overflow

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 59**

Which of the following are valid Nagios objects?

**(Select 3 correct answers)**

- A. Contacts
- B. Commands
- C. Host Groups
- D. Notification Groups
- E. Programs

**Correct Answer:** ABC

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 60**

The command 'nmap sS O 10.142.232.10' produces the following output:

PORT	STATE	SERVICE
631/tcp	open	ipp
3306/tcp	open	mysql

Which of the following statements are true ?

**(Select 2 correct answers)**

- A. A simple scan was launched
- B. The scan was executed by the root user
- C. Output will be send to a file instead of stdout
- D. A stealth SYN scan was launched
- E. There are no other services running on the machine

**Correct Answer:** BD

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 61**

Which OpenSSL command is used to inspect the information stored in a certificate?

- A. x509
- B. show
- C. info
- D. req

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 62**

Which of the following commands will create a new, signed tw.pol file?

- A. twadmin createpolfile e S mykey.key /etc/tripwire/twpol.txt
- B. twadmin createcfgfile S mykey.key /etc/tripwire/twpol.txt
- C. twadmin createpolfile S mykey.key /etc/tripwire/twpol.txt
- D. twadmin createcfgfile e S mykey.key /etc/tripwire/twpol.txt

**Correct Answer:** C

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 63**

By default, when verifying a signed file or a file with a detached signature, which keyring is used to search for a public keys?

- A. ~/.gnupg/trustdb.gpg
- B. ~/.gnupg/secring.gpg
- C. ~/.gnupg/trustedkeys.gpg
- D. ~/.gnupg/pubring.gpg

**Correct Answer:** C

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 64**

What does the following iptables rule accomplish:

**iptables A INPUT s 208.77.188.166 d 10.142.232.1 p tcp dport 22 j ACCEPT**

- A. Accepts traffic on port 22 only from the host 208.77.188.166 and 10.142.232.1
- B. Forwards all requests from the host 10.142.232.1 on port 22 the internal host 208.77.188.166
- C. Forwards all requests from the host 208.77.188.166 on port 22 the internal host 10.142.232.1
- D. Drops traffic on port 22 only from the host 208.77.188.166 and 10.142.232.1

**Correct Answer:** C

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 65**

Which utility is used for retrieving, setting, and removing NFSv4 ACLs?

**(Supply only the command name, with no options or parameters)**

**Correct Answer:** nfs4acl          or          /usr/sbin/nfs4acl

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 66**

Which GPG command is used to sign a public key?

**(Select 2 correct answers)**

- A. gpg signpublickey UID
- B. gpg signkey UID
- C. gpg sign UID
- D. gpg editkey UID followed with the sign command
- E. gpg editkey UID followed with the confirm command

**Correct Answer:** BD

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 67**

Which command will set the user.author attribute on the file afile.txt

- A. setfacl user.author:"A.Author" afile.txt
- B. setfacl n user.author v "A.Author" afile.txt
- C. setfacl user.author="A.Author" afile.txt
- D. setfacl a user.author="A.Author" afile.txt

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 68**

There is a configuration file being managed by RCS. Base on timestamps, it appears that someone has modified the file without checking it into RCS. what command can be used to compare the configuration file with the latest committed version?

**(specify the command only, no path or arguments information)**

**Correct Answer:** rcsdiff

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 69**

An administrator is capturing traffic with Wireshark and is only seeing ARP traffic. What is most likely cause of this?

- A. The network interface on which the scan is running is not promiscuous mode
- B. The mschine is on a switched network and is therefore only seeing local and braodcast/multicast packets
- C. The administrator did not enable the TCP and UDP option when starting the scan
- D. The network interface on which the scan is running has the ARP\_ONLY flag set.

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 70**

An SELinux security context is required to ensure that all files in /opt have the default context of system\_u:object\_r:usr\_t. How should the corresponding configuration entry be formatted?

- A. system\_u:object\_r:usr\_t /opt/\*
- B. /opt/. \* system\_u:object\_r:usr\_t
- C. /opt/\* system\_u:object\_r:usr\_t
- D. system\_u:object\_r:usr\_t: /opt/. \*
- E. system\_u:object\_r:usr\_t /opt/. \*

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 71**

On a new Linux system, the root user is being asked to provide the root user password before being able to use the su command. What line in the /etc/pam.d/su file will allow root to use su without supplying passwords?

- A. auth required pam\_norootpw.so
- B. auth sufficient pam\_norootpw.so
- C. auth required pam\_rootok.so
- D. auth sufficient pam\_rootok.so

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 72**

What OpenSSL command will generate a certificate signing request (CSR) using the private key file privkey.pem?

- A. openssl req key privkey.pem out cert.csr
- B. openssl req new key privkey.pem out cert.csr
- C. openssl gencsr key privkey.pem out cert.csr
- D. openssl gencsr new key privkey.pem out cert.csr

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**



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**QUESTION 73**

Which of the following can be done to secure BIND server?

**(Select 3 correct answers)**

- A. Run the BIND daemon as nonroot user
- B. Configure ACLs
- C. Require clients to authenticate a password before querying the server
- D. Run the BIND daemon in a chroot jail
- E. Encrypt DNS traffic using SSL/TLS

**Correct Answer:** ABD

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**



#### QUESTION 74

The apache administrator has added the following lines to the configuration files:

```
<Directory />  
AllowOverride None  
</Directory>
```

What is the purpose of this directive?

- A. It stops users from serving HTML files from their home directories
- B. It prevents HTML files from being served out of the / directory
- C. It stops users from setting up .htaccess files unless specifically allowed in additional configuration
- D. It prevents CGI scripts from modifying apache features dynamically

**Correct Answer:** C

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### QUESTION 75

Where is the global list of known SSH host keys located ?

**(Supply the full path and filename)**

**Correct Answer:** /etc/ssh/ssh\_known\_hosts

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### QUESTION 76

What command will list basic information about all targets available to cryptmount?

**(Provide the command with any options or parameters)**

**Correct Answer:** cryptmount --list or /usr/bin/cryptmount -l or /usr/bin/cryptmount --list or cryptmount -l

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

Every command is accepted !

**QUESTION 77**

What are the steps which must be followed to enable serverwide zone transfers between two BIND 9 servers securely using TSIG?

- A. Generate a key, specify the public key in the named configuration on both servers, create a server statement in the name configuration on both servers
- B. Generate a key, specify the private key in the named configuration on both servers, create a server statement in the named configuration on both servers
- C. Generate a key, specify the private key in the named configuration on one server and the public key in the named configuration on the other, create a remote statement in the named configuration on both servers
- D. Generate a key, specify the private key in the named configuration on one server and the public key in the named configuration on the other, create a server statement in the named configuration in both servers

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 78**

An administrator has successfully configured a cryptographic volume for dmccrypt, and added the following line to /etc/fstab:

**/dev/mapper/cryptvol /media/crypt auto defaults 0 0**

Upon booting the system, the error message "mount: special device /dev/mapper/cryptvol does not exist" is displayed. What configuration file has the administrator forgotten to edit ?

**(Provide the full path and filename)**

**Correct Answer:** /etc/crypttab

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 79**

Which of the following are valid deployment scenarios?

**(Select 3 correct answers)**

- A. Public Site
- B. Switched Gateway
- C. Simple Host
- D. Border Gateway
- E. Mirror Line

**Correct Answer:** CDE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 80**

What is one of the primary claimed benefits of Smack over SELinux?

- A. Smack implement Rule Set Based Access Control. SELinux doesn't support this model
- B. SELinux has export restrictions placed on it by the NSA
- C. Configuration of Smack is much more simple
- D. Smack allows users to share files without administrator intervention

**Correct Answer:** C

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 81**

What OpenSSL command will generate a private RSA key of 2048 bits and no passphrase?

- A. openssl genrsa des3 out privkey.pem 2048
- B. openssl genrsa out privkey.pem 2048
- C. openssl genrsa nopass out privkey.pem 2048
- D. openssl genrsa npass des3 out privkey.pem 2048

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 82**

An administrator has just configured an OpenVPN client. Upon starting the service, the following message is displayed:

**TLS Error: TLS key negotiation failed to occur within 60 seconds**

Which of the following statements is true?

- A. The client was unable to establish a network connection with the server
- B. The client was able to establish a network connection with the server, however TLS key negotiation failed, resulting in a fallback to SSL
- C. The client was able to establish a network connection with the server, however TLS and SSL security are not enabled
- D. The client was able to establish a network connection with the server, however TLS key negotiation took longer than 60 seconds, indicating that there may be a problem with network performance

**Correct Answer: A**

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 83**

Under which path is the SELinux pseudofilesystem found ?

- A. /dev/selinux
- B. /sys/delinux
- C. /selinux
- D. /var/selinux
- E. /proc/selinux

**Correct Answer: C**

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 84**

Which option is required to syslogd in order for it to accept remote log message?

- A. s
- B. r
- C. remote
- D. l

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 85**

Which of the following statements are true about Linux Extended Attributes on files?

**(Select 2 correct answers)**

- A. An attribute value may be empty
- B. Attribute storage counts towards disk quota use
- C. Attribute use is enabled by mounting a partition with the attr option
- D. An attribute is file, not inode, specific. This, a hard linked file in two locations could have different attributes
- E. Attributes are not used by SELinux and other kernel security modules

**Correct Answer:** AB

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 86**

Which of the following parameters should be set in main.cf to enable TLS in Postfix?

- A. smtpd\_tls\_cert\_file, smtpd\_tls\_key\_file, smtpd\_tls\_CAfile, smtpd\_use\_tls

- B. smtpd\_tls\_key\_file, smtpd\_tls\_CAfile, smtpd\_use\_tls, smtpd\_pem\_file
- C. smtpd\_tls\_CAfile, smtpd\_use\_tls, smtpd\_tls\_pem\_file, smtpd\_tls\_cert\_file
- D. smtpd\_use\_tls, smtpd\_tls\_pem\_file, smtpd\_tls\_cert\_file, smtpd\_tls\_key\_file

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 87**

An unprivileged user issued a command which produced the following log message:

**avc: denied { getattr } for pid=984 exe=/usr/bin/vim path=/etc/shadow dev=03:01 ino=134343 scontext=hugh:user\_r:user\_t tcontext=system\_u:object:shadow\_t tclass=file**

What does the message mean?

- A. User hugh was not running in a security context that permitted reading the file
- B. User hugh only needs to switch to the object\_r role in order to edit /etc/shadow
- C. The security context for hugh is misconfigured and needs access to read any system file
- D. User hugh was not running in a security context that permitted writing to the file

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 88**

The local system administrator has created a configuration entry for apache version 2 that isn't working. What is wrong with the following configuration?

```
<Location /members>  
  AuthName Members  
  AuthType Basic  
  AuthUserFile /www/passwd  
</Location>
```

- A. The directive require validuser is missing
- B. Basic Authentication has been removed from Apache 2.x
- C. The format of the password file is not specified
- D. The AuthUserFile must be in the apache configuration directory

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 89**

When adding additional users to a file's extended ACL's, what is true about the default behaviour of the ACL mask for the file?

- A. The mask is modified to be run union of all permissions of the file owner, owning group and all named user and groups
- B. The mask is left unchanged
- C. if required, a warning is printed indicating that the mask is too restrictive for the permission being granted
- D. The mask is modified to be the union of all permissions of the owning group and all named users and groups

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 90**

The system administrator is keeping local configuration file changes in RCS. What command will commit the file RCS revision control AND keep a local, unlocked copy of the latest version of the file?

- A. ci file
- B. rcs commit file
- C. rcs o file
- D. ci u file

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

## Explanation

## Explanation/Reference:

### QUESTION 91

What is the syntax error in the following simple Puppet configuration file?

```
class test_class {  
  file { ["/tmp/test.txt":  
    mode => 600,  
    owner => root,  
    group => root  
  ]  
}  
}  
# Define the node  
node testclient {  
  isa test_class  
}
```

- A. Comments begin with // character and not a #
- B. The colon (:) after /tmp/test.txt should be a semicolon(;)
- C. Class, node and file section require a semicolon (;) at the end of their definitions
- D. isa should be include

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

## Explanation

## Explanation/Reference:

### QUESTION 92

Which of the following statements is true when querying the extended attributes of a file that has no extended attributes set?

- A. getfattr will print a warning and exit with a value of 0
- B. getfattr will print a warning and exit with a value of 1
- C. No output will be produced and getfattr will exit with a value of 0
- D. No output will be produced and getfattr will exit with a value of 1



**Correct Answer:** C

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 93**

What is true about the permissions for the file afile give the following output from getfacl?

**(Select 2 correct answers)**

```
% getfacl afile
# file: afile
# owner: matt
# group: support
user::rwx
user:hugh:rw
group::r
group:staff:rx
mask::rwx
other::r
```

- A. Anyone in the support group will be able to read and execute the file
- B. The user hugh will be able to read the contents of the file
- C. Anyone in the users group will be able to read the file
- D. The user matt will not be able to edit this file
- E. Anyone in the staff group will be able to read and execute the file

**Correct Answer:** BE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 94**

You have downloaded a file named file.tgz along with a signature file named file.tgz.asc. Which command can be used to verify that file.tgz has not been tampered with since the file creator created the signature?

Assume that you have already retrieved the public key of the file creator

**(Select 3 correct answers)**

- A. gpg verify file.tgz.asc file.tgz
- B. gpg verify file.tgz
- C. gpg verify file.tgz.asc
- D. gpgv verify file.tgz.asc
- E. gpgv file.tgz.asc

**Correct Answer:** ACE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 95**

What command will remove the dmccrypt mapping named cryptvol?

**(Provide the command with any options and parameters)**

**Correct Answer:** /sbin/cryptsetup remove crypt-vol or cryptsetup remove crypt-vol

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 96**

In which of the following scenarios MUST an administrator use ethernet bridging instead of routing when configuring an OpenVPN site?

**(Select 2 correct answers)**

- A. Some OpenVPN clients will be installed on laptops and must be able to connect from different locations
- B. NetBIOS traffic must be able to traverse the VPN without implementing a WINS server
- C. The IPv4 protocol is required
- D. It will be necessary to use an MTU setting other than the default
- E. The IPX protocol is required

**Correct Answer:** BE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 97**

Which GPG command will publish a public key to a public key server?

- A. gpg exportkeys UID
- B. gpg publishkeys UID
- C. gpg sendkeys UID
- D. gpg pushkeys UID

**Correct Answer:** C

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 98**

Which of the following are valid dmccrypt modes?

**(Chosse 3 correct answers)**

- A. XTS
- B. ESSIV
- C. GMR
- D. KWG
- E. LRW

**Correct Answer:** ABE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**



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#### QUESTION 99

The OpenSSL command can be used to test connections with various secure services. What command will open a connection with a remote POP3S (POP3 over SSL) server?

- A. openssl connect host pop.example.com:pop3s
- B. openssl connect pop.example:pop3s
- C. openssl s\_client connect pop.example.com:pop3s
- D. openssl s\_client pop.example.com:pop3s

**Correct Answer: C**

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### QUESTION 100

The system administrator wishes to use the pam\_listfile.so module to restrict which user are allowed to login via SSH. Which line will configure this behaviour?

- A. auth required pam\_listfile.so item=user sense=deny file=/etc/ssh/sshd.deny onerr=succeed
- B. auth required pam\_listfile.so item=user sense=allow file=/etc/ssh/sshd.deny onerr=succeed
- C. auth required pam\_listfile.so item=user sense=allow file=/etc/ssh/sshd.deny onerr=fail
- D. auth required pam\_listfile.so item=user sense=deny file=/etc/ssh/sshd.deny onerr=fail

**Correct Answer: C**

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 101**

Which parameter in vsftpd.conf will restrict users to their home directory?

**(Supply only the parameter name, with no option or values)**

**Correct Answer:** chroot\_local\_user

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 102**

What is true about the permissions for the file afile give the following output from getfacl?

**(Select 2 correct answers)**

```
% getfacl afile
# file: afile
# owner: matt
# group: support
user::rwx
user:hugh:rw
group::r
group:staff:rx
mask::rwx
other::r
```

- A. Anyone in the support group will be able to read and execute the file
- B. The user hugh will be able to read the contents of the file
- C. Anyone in the users group will be able to read the file
- D. The user matt will not be able to edit this file
- E. Anyone in the staff group will be able to read and execute the file

**Correct Answer:** BE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 103**

What is true about the permissions for the file afile give the following output from getfacl?  
(Select 2 correct answers)

```
% getfacl afile
# file: afile
# owner: matt
# group: support
user::rwx
user:hugh:rw
group::r
group:staff:rx
mask::rwx
other::r
```

- A. Anyone in the support group will be able to read and execute the file
- B. The user hugh will be able to read the contents of the file
- C. Anyone in the users group will be able to read the file
- D. The user matt will not be able to edit this file
- E. Anyone in the staff group will be able to read and execute the file

**Correct Answer:** BE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 104**

What is true about the permissions for the file afile give the following output from getfacl?  
(Select 2 correct answers)

```
% getfacl afile
# file: afile
# owner: matt
# group: support
user::rwx
user:hugh:rw
group::r
```

**group:staff:rx**  
**mask::rwx**  
**other::r**

- A. Anyone in the support group will be able to read and execute the file
- B. The user hugh will be able to read the contents of the file
- C. Anyone in the users group will be able to read the file
- D. The user matt will not be able to edit this file
- E. Anyone in the staff group will be able to read and execute the file

**Correct Answer:** BE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 105**

What is true about the permissions for the file afile give the following output from getfacl?

**(Select 2 correct answers)**

% getfacl afile  
# file: afile  
# owner: matt  
# group: support  
user::rwx  
user:hugh:rw  
group::r  
group:staff:rx  
mask::rwx  
other::r

- A. Anyone in the support group will be able to read and execute the file
- B. The user hugh will be able to read the contents of the file
- C. Anyone in the users group will be able to read the file
- D. The user matt will not be able to edit this file
- E. Anyone in the staff group will be able to read and execute the file

**Correct Answer:** BE

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 106**

What is true about the permissions for the file afile give the following output from getfacl?

**(Select 2 correct answers)**

```
% getfacl afile
# file: afile
# owner: matt
# group: support
user::rwx
user:hugh:rw
group::r
group:staff:rx
mask::rwx
other::r
```

- A. Anyone in the support group will be able to read and execute the file
- B. The user hugh will be able to read the contents of the file
- C. Anyone in the users group will be able to read the file
- D. The user matt will not be able to edit this file
- E. Anyone in the staff group will be able to read and execute the file

**Correct Answer: BE**

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 107**

Which of the following is NOT a valid scan technique with nmap ?

- A. Window
- B. SYN



- C. ACK
- D. Connect()
- E. RST

**Correct Answer:** E

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 108**

You wish to revoke write access for all groups and named users on a file. Which command will make a correct ACL changes?

- A. setfacl x group:\*:rx,user:\*:rx afile
- B. setfacl x mask::rx afile
- C. setfacl m mask::rx afile



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- D. setfacl m group:\*:rx,user:\*:rx afile

**Correct Answer:** C

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 109**

With SELinux, what is the command that is used for changing the context of a file?

**Specify the command only, with no path information or arguments)**

**Correct Answer:** chcon chsid setfattr

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 110**

Postfix daemons can be chroot'd by setting the chroot flag in \_\_\_\_\_.  
**(supply only the filename, without a path)**

**Correct Answer:** master.cf

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 111**

What is an SO rule in the context of Snort?

- A. A loadable snort module
- B. A rule which can be written in the Perl programming language
- C. A simple object
- D. A snort overflow

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 112**

When adding additional users to a file's extended ACL's, what is true about the default behaviour of the ACL mask for the file?

- A. The mask is modified to be run union of all permissions of the file owner, owning group and all named user and groups
- B. The mask is left unchanged
- C. if required, a warning is printed indicating that the mask is too restrictive for the permission being granted

D. The mask is modified to be the union of all permissions of the owning group and all named users and groups

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 113**

What is true about the permissions for the file afile give the following output from getfacl?

**(Select 2 correct answers)**

```
% getfacl afile
# file: afile
# owner: matt
# group: support
user::rwx
user:hugh:rw
group::r
group:staff:rx
mask::rwx
other::r
```

- A. Anyone in the support group will be able to read and execute the file
- B. The user hugh will be able to read the contents of the file
- C. Anyone in the users group will be able to read the file
- D. The user matt will not be able to edit this file
- E. Anyone in the staff group will be able to read and execute the file

**Correct Answer:** BE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 114**

The OpenSSL command can be used to test connections with various secure services. What command will open a connection with a remote POP3S (POP3 over SSL) server?

- A. openssl connect host pop.example.com:pop3s
- B. openssl connect pop.example:pop3s
- C. openssl s\_client connect pop.example.com:pop3s
- D. openssl s\_client pop.example.com:pop3s

**Correct Answer:** C

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**



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